AMENDMENT NO. Calcillat No.	AMENDMENT NO.	Calendar No.
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Purpose: To address gun violence, improve the availability of records to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, address mental illness in the criminal justice system, and end straw purchases and trafficking of illegal firearms, and for other purposes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—113th Cong., 1st Sess.

# S. 649

To ensure that all individuals who should be prohibited from buying a firearm are listed in the national instant criminal background check system and require a background check for every firearm sale, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_ and ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

Amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. Grassley (for himself, Mr. Cruz, Mr. Graham, Mr. Thune, Ms. Ayotte, Mr. Hoeven, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Flake, Mr. Coats, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Johnson of Wisconsin, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Risch, Mr. Rubio, Ms. Murkowski, and Mr. Boozman)

### Viz:

- 1 On page 1, line 3, strike "**SHORT**" and all that fol-
- 2 lows through page 42, line 15, and insert the following:
- 3 SHORT TITLE: TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Protecting Communities and Preserving the Second
- 6 Amendment Act of 2013".

# 1 (b) Table of Contents for

#### 2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

# TITLE I—COMBATING GUN CRIME, NICS REAUTHORIZATION, AND NICS IMPROVEMENT

- Sec. 101. Reauthorization and improvements to NICS.
- Sec. 102. Availability of records to NICS.
- Sec. 103. Definitions relating to mental health.
- Sec. 104. Clarification that Federal court information is to be made available to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System.
- Sec. 105. Reports and certifications to Congress.
- Sec. 106. Increasing Federal prosecution of gun violence.
- Sec. 107. Prosecution of felons and fugitives who attempt to illegally purchase firearms.
- Sec. 108. Limitation on operations by the Department of Justice.
- Sec. 109. Straw purchasing of firearms.
- Sec. 110. Increased penalties for lying and buying.
- Sec. 111. Amendments to section 924(a).
- Sec. 112. Amendments to section 924(h).
- Sec. 113. Amendments to section 924(k).
- Sec. 114. Multiple sales reports for rifles and shotguns.
- Sec. 115. Study by the National Institutes of Justice and National Academy of Sciences on the causes of mass shootings.
- Sec. 116. Reports to Congress regarding ammunition purchases by Federal agencies.
- Sec. 117. Reduction of Byrne JAG funds for State failure to provide mental health records to NICS.
- Sec. 118. Firearm commerce modernization.
- Sec. 119. Firearm dealer access to law enforcement information.
- Sec. 120. Interstate transportation of firearms or ammunition.

#### TITLE II—MENTAL HEALTH

- Sec. 201. Reauthorization and additional amendments to the Mentally Ill Offender Treatment and Crime Reduction Act.
- Sec. 202. Additional purposes for Federal grants.
- Sec. 203. Conditions for treatment of certain persons as adjudicated mentally incompetent for certain purposes.

## TITLE III—SCHOOL SAFETY

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. Grant program for school security.
- Sec. 303. Applications.
- Sec. 304. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 305. Accountability.
- Sec. 306. Preventing duplicative grants.

#### 3 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

#### 4 In this Act—

1	(1) the term "agency" has the meaning given
2	the term in section 551 of title 5, United States
3	Code;
4	(2) the term "NICS" means the National In-
5	stant Criminal Background Check System; and
6	(3) the term "relevant Federal records" means
7	any record demonstrating that a person is prohibited
8	from possessing or receiving a firearm under sub-
9	section (g) or (n) of section 922 of title 18, United
10	States Code.
11	TITLE I—COMBATING GUN
12	CRIME, NICS REAUTHORIZA-
13	TION, AND NICS IMPROVE-
14	MENT
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li></ul>	MENT SEC. 101. REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS TO
15	SEC. 101. REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS TO
<ul><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	SEC. 101. REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS TO NICS.
15 16 17 18	SEC. 101. REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS TO NICS.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 103 of the NICS Im-
15 16 17 18	SEC. 101. REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS TO NICS.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 103 of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note)
15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 101. REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS TO NICS.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 103 of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended—
15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 101. REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS TO NICS.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 103 of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended—  (1) by redesignating subsection (e) as sub-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 101. REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS TO NICS.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 103 of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended—  (1) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f) and amending such subsection to read as

1 \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013 through 2017.";

- 2 and
- 3 (2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
- 4 lowing:
- 5 "(e) ACCOUNTABILITY.—All grants awarded by the
- 6 Attorney General under this section shall be subject to the
- 7 following accountability provisions:
- 8 "(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
- 9 'unresolved audit finding' means a finding in the
- final audit report of the Inspector General of the
- 11 Department of Justice that the audited grantee has
- 12 utilized grant funds for an unauthorized expenditure
- or otherwise unallowable cost that is not closed or
- resolved within 12 months from the date when the
- final audit report is issued.
- 16 "(2) AUDITS.—Beginning in the first fiscal
- year beginning after the date of enactment of this
- subsection, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the In-
- spector General of the Department of Justice shall
- 20 conduct audits of recipients of grants under this sec-
- 21 tion to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds by
- grantees. The Inspector General shall determine the
- appropriate number of grantees to be audited each
- 24 year.

1	"(3) Priority.—In awarding grants under this
2	section, the Attorney General shall give priority to
3	eligible applicants that did not have an unresolved
4	audit finding during the 3 fiscal years before sub-
5	mitting an application for a grant under this sec-
6	tion.".
7	(b) Modification of Eligibility Require-
8	MENTS.—The NICS Improvement Amendments Act of
9	2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended—
10	(1) in section 102(b)(1)—
11	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "sub-
12	paragraph (C)" and inserting "subparagraph
13	(B)";
14	(B) by striking subparagraph (B); and
15	(C) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as
16	subparagraph (B);
17	(2) in section 103(a)(1), by striking "and sub-
18	ject to section 102(b)(1)(B)"; and
19	(3) in section 104(d), by striking "section
20	102(b)(1)(C)" and inserting "section $102(b)(1)(B)$ ".
21	SEC. 102. AVAILABILITY OF RECORDS TO NICS.
22	(a) Guidance.—Not later than 45 days after the
23	date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall
24	issue guidance regarding—

1	(1) the identification and sharing of relevant
2	Federal records; and
3	(2) submission of the relevant Federal records
4	to NICS.
5	(b) Prioritization of Records.—Each agency
6	that possesses relevant Federal records shall prioritize
7	providing the relevant information contained in the rel-
8	evant Federal records to NICS on a regular and ongoing
9	basis in accordance with the guidance issued by the Attor-
10	ney General under subsection (a).
11	(c) Reports.—Not later than 60 days after the At-
12	torney General issues guidance under subsection (a), the
13	head of each agency shall submit a report to the Attorney
14	General that—
15	(1) advises whether the agency possesses rel-
16	evant Federal records; and
17	(2) describes the implementation plan of the
18	agency for making the relevant information con-
19	tained in relevant Federal records available to NICS
20	in a manner consistent with applicable law.
21	(d) Determination of Relevance.—The Attorney
22	General shall resolve any dispute regarding whether—
23	(1) agency records are relevant Federal records;
24	and

1	(2) the relevant Federal records of an agency
2	should be made available to NICS.
3	SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS RELATING TO MENTAL HEALTH.
4	(a) Title 18 Definitions.—Chapter 44 of title 18,
5	United States Code, is amended—
6	(1) in section 921(a), by adding at the end the
7	following:
8	"(36)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the term 'has
9	been adjudicated mentally incompetent or has been com-
10	mitted to a psychiatric hospital', with respect to a per-
11	son—
12	"(i) means the person is the subject of an order
13	or finding by a judicial officer, court, board, commis-
14	sion, or other adjudicative body—
15	"(I) that was issued after—
16	"(aa) a hearing—
17	"(AA) of which the person re-
18	ceived actual notice; and
19	"(BB) at which the person had
20	an opportunity to participate with
21	counsel; or
22	"(bb) the person knowingly and intel-
23	ligently waived the opportunity for a hear-
24	ing—

1	"(AA) of which the person re-
2	ceived actual notice; and
3	"(BB) at which the person would
4	have had an opportunity to participate
5	with counsel; and
6	"(II) that found that the person, as a re-
7	sult of marked subnormal intelligence, mental
8	impairment, or mental illness—
9	"(aa) was a danger to himself or to
10	others;
11	"(bb) was guilty but mentally ill in a
12	criminal case;
13	"(cc) was not guilty in a criminal case
14	by reason of insanity or mental disease or
15	defect;
16	"(dd) was incompetent to stand trial
17	in a criminal case;
18	"(ee) was not guilty only by reason of
19	lack of mental responsibility under section
20	850a of title 10 (article 50a of the Uni-
21	form Code of Military Justice);
22	"(ff) required involuntary inpatient
23	treatment by a psychiatric hospital;
24	"(gg) required involuntary outpatient
25	treatment by a psychiatric hospital based

on a finding that the person is a danger to
himself or to others; or
"(hh) required involuntary commit-
ment to a psychiatric hospital for any rea-
son, including drug use; and
"(ii) does not include—
"(I) a person who is in a psychiatric hos-
pital for observation; or
"(II) a voluntary admission to a psy-
chiatric hospital.
"(B) In this paragraph, the term 'order or finding'
does not include—
"(i) an order or finding that has expired or has
been set aside or expunged;
"(ii) an order or finding that is no longer appli-
cable because a judicial officer, court, board, com-
mission, or other adjudicative body has found that
the person who is the subject of the order or find-
ing—
"(I) does not present a danger to himself
or to others;
"(II) has been restored to sanity or cured
of mental disease or defect;
"(III) has been restored to competency; or

1	"(IV) no longer requires involuntary inpa-
2	tient or outpatient treatment by, or involuntary
3	commitment to, a psychiatric hospital; or
4	"(iii) an order or finding with respect to which
5	the person who is subject to the order or finding has
6	been granted relief from disabilities under section
7	925(c) or under a program described in section
8	101(c)(2)(A) or $105$ of the NICS Improvement
9	Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note).
10	"(37) The term 'psychiatric hospital' includes a men-
11	tal health facility, a mental hospital, a sanitarium, a psy-
12	chiatric facility, and any other facility that provides diag-
13	noses by licensed professionals of mental retardation or
14	mental illness, including a psychiatric ward in a general
15	hospital."; and
16	(2) in section 922—
17	(A) in subsection $(d)(4)$ —
18	(i) by striking "as a mental defective"
19	and inserting "mentally incompetent"; and
20	(ii) by striking "any mental institu-
21	tion" and inserting "a psychiatric hos-
22	pital"; and
23	(B) in subsection (g)(4)—

1	(i) by striking "as a mental defective
2	or who has" and inserting "mentally in-
3	competent or has"; and
4	(ii) by striking "mental institution"
5	and inserting "psychiatric hospital".
6	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
7	The NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (18
8	U.S.C. 922 note) is amended—
9	(1) by striking "as a mental defective" each
10	place that term appears and inserting "mentally in-
11	competent";
12	(2) by striking "mental institution" each place
13	that term appears and inserting "psychiatric hos-
14	pital"; and
15	(3) in section $102(c)(3)$ —
16	(A) in the paragraph heading, by striking
17	"AS A MENTAL DEFECTIVE OR COMMITTED TO
18	A MENTAL INSTITUTION" and inserting "MEN-
19	TALLY INCOMPETENT OR COMMITTED TO A PSY-
20	CHIATRIC HOSPITAL''; and
21	(B) by striking "mental institutions" and
22	inserting "psychiatric hospitals".

1	SEC. 104. CLARIFICATION THAT FEDERAL COURT INFOR-
2	MATION IS TO BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE
3	NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND
4	CHECK SYSTEM.
5	Section 103(e)(1) of the Brady Handgun Violence
6	Prevention Act (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended by add-
7	ing at the end the following:
8	"(F) Application to federal
9	COURTS.—In this paragraph—
10	"(i) the terms 'department or agency
11	of the United States' and 'Federal depart-
12	ment or agency' include a Federal court;
13	and
14	"(ii) for purposes of any request, sub-
15	mission, or notification, the Director of the
16	Administrative Office of the United States
17	Courts shall perform the functions of the
18	head of the department or agency.".
19	SEC. 105. REPORTS AND CERTIFICATIONS TO CONGRESS.
20	(a) NICS Reports.—Not later than October 1,
21	2013, and every year thereafter, the head of each agency
22	that possesses relevant Federal records shall submit a re-
23	port to Congress that includes—
24	(1) a description of the relevant Federal records
25	possessed by the agency that can be shared with
26	NICS in a manner consistent with applicable law;

1	(2) the number of relevant Federal records the
2	agency submitted to NICS during the reporting pe-
3	riod;
4	(3) efforts made to increase the percentage of
5	relevant Federal records possessed by the agency
6	that are submitted to NICS;
7	(4) any obstacles to increasing the percentage
8	of relevant Federal records possessed by the agency
9	that are submitted to NICS;
10	(5) measures put in place to provide notice and
11	programs for relief from disabilities as required
12	under the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of
13	2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) if the agency makes
14	qualifying adjudications relating to the mental
15	health of an individual;
16	(6) measures put in place to correct, modify, or
17	remove records available to NICS when the basis on
18	which the records were made available no longer ap-
19	plies; and
20	(7) additional steps that will be taken during
21	the 1-year period after the submission of the report
22	to improve the processes by which relevant Federal
23	records are—
24	(A) identified;
25	(B) made available to NICS; and

1	(C) corrected, modified, or removed from
2	NICS.
3	(b) Certifications.—
4	(1) In general.—The annual report require-
5	ment in subsection (a) shall not apply to an agency
6	that, as part of a report required to be submitted
7	under subsection (a), provides certification that the
8	agency has—
9	(A) made available to NICS relevant Fed-
10	eral records that can be shared in a manner
11	consistent with applicable law;
12	(B) a plan to make any relevant Federal
13	records available to NICS and a description of
14	that plan; and
15	(C) a plan to update, modify, or remove
16	records electronically from NICS not less than
17	quarterly as required by the NICS Improve-
18	ment Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922
19	note) and a description of that plan.
20	(2) Frequency.—Each agency that is not re-
21	quired to submit annual reports under paragraph
22	(1) shall submit an annual certification to Congress
23	attesting that the agency continues to submit rel-
24	evant Federal records to NICS and has corrected,
25	modified, or removed records available to NICS

when the basis on which the records were made available no longer applies.

- 3 (c) Reports to Congress on Firearms Prosecu-
- 4 TIONS.—

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- 5 (1) Report to congress.—Beginning Feb-6 ruary 1, 2014, and on February 1 of each year 7 thereafter through 2023, the Attorney General shall 8 submit to the Committees on the Judiciary and 9 Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the 10 House of Representatives a report of information 11 gathered under this subsection during the fiscal year 12 that ended on September 30 of the preceding year.
  - (2) Subject of annual report.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall require each component of the Department of Justice, including each United States Attorney's Office, to furnish for the purposes of the report described in paragraph (1), information relating to any case presented to the Department of Justice for review or prosecution, in which the objective facts of the case provide probable cause to believe that there has been a violation of sections 922 and 924, United States Code, and section 5861 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

1	(3) Elements of annual report.—With re-
2	spect to each case described in paragraph (2), the
3	report submitted under paragraph (1) shall include
4	information indicating—
5	(A) whether in any such case, a decision
6	has been made not to charge an individual with
7	a violation of sections 922 and 924, United
8	States Code, and section 5861 of the Internal
9	Revenue Code of 1986, or any other violation of
10	Federal criminal law;
11	(B) in any case described in subparagraph
12	(A), a description of why no charge was filed
13	under sections 922 and 924, United States
14	Code, and section 5861 of the Internal Revenue
15	Code of 1986;
16	(C) whether in any case described in para-
17	graph (2), an indictment, information, or other
18	charge has been brought against any person, or
19	the matter is pending;
20	(D) whether, in the case of an indictment,
21	information, or other charge described in sub-
22	paragraph (C), the charging document contains
23	a count or counts alleging a violation of sections
24	922 and 924, United States Code, and section
25	5861 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

1	(E) in any case described in subparagraph
2	(D) in which the charging document contains a
3	count or counts alleging a violation of sections
4	922 and 924, United States Code, and section
5	5861 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
6	whether a plea agreement of any kind has been
7	entered into with such charged individual;
8	(F) whether any plea agreement described
9	in subparagraph (E) required that the indi-
10	vidual plead guilty, to enter a plea of nole
11	contendere, or otherwise caused a court to enter
12	a conviction against that individual for a viola-
13	tion of sections 922 and 924, United States
14	Code, and section 5861 of the Internal Revenue
15	Code of 1986;
16	(G) in any case described in subparagraph
17	(F) in which the plea agreement did not require
18	that the individual plead guilty, enter a plea of
19	nolo contendere, or otherwise cause a court to
20	enter a conviction against that individual for a
21	violation of sections 922 and 924, United
22	States Code, and section 5861 of the Internal
23	Revenue Code of 1986, identification of the
24	charges to which that individual did plead
25	guilty;

1	(H) in the case of an indictment, informa-
2	tion, or other charge described in subparagraph
3	(C), in which the charging document contains a
4	count or counts alleging a violation of sections
5	922 and 924, United States Code, and section
6	5861 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the
7	result of any trial of such charges (guilty, not
8	guilty, mistrial);
9	(I) in the case of an indictment, informa-
10	tion, or other charge described in subparagraph
11	(C), in which the charging document did not
12	contain a count or counts alleging a violation of
13	sections 922 and 924, United States Code, and
14	section 5861 of the Internal Revenue Code of
15	1986, the nature of the other charges brought
16	and the result of any trial of such other charges
17	as have been brought (guilty, not guilty, mis-
18	trial);
19	(J) the number of persons who attempted
20	to purchase a firearm but were denied because
21	of a background check conducted in accordance
22	with section 922(t) of title 18, United States
23	Code; and

1	(K) the number of prosecutions conducted
2	in relation to persons described in subpara-
3	graph (J).
4	SEC. 106. INCREASING FEDERAL PROSECUTION OF GUN VI-
5	OLENCE.
6	(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall
8	establish in jurisdictions specified in subsection (c) a pro-
9	gram that meets the requirements of subsection (b), to
10	be known as the "Nationwide Project Exile Expansion".
11	(b) Program Elements.—Each program estab-
12	lished under subsection (a) shall, for the jurisdiction con-
13	cerned—
14	(1) provide for coordination with State and
15	local law enforcement officials in the identification of
16	violations of Federal firearms laws;
17	(2) provide for the establishment of agreements
18	with State and local law enforcement officials for the
19	referral to the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Fire-
20	arms, and Explosives and the United States Attor-
21	ney for prosecution of persons arrested for violations
22	of section 922 or section 924 of title 18, United
23	States Code, or section 5861 of the Internal Rev-
24	enue Code of 1986, relating to firearms;

1	(3) provide for the establishment of multi-juris
2	dictional task forces, coordinated by the Executive
3	Office of the United States attorneys to investigate
4	and prosecute illegal straw purchasing rings that
5	purchase firearms in one jurisdiction and transfer
6	them to another;
7	(4) require that the United States attorney des-
8	ignate not less than 1 assistant United States attor-
9	ney to prosecute violations of Federal firearms laws
10	(5) provide for the hiring of agents for the Bu-
11	reau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives
12	to investigate violations of the provisions referred to
13	in paragraph (2), United States Code, relating to
14	firearms; and
15	(6) ensure that each person referred to the
16	United States attorney under paragraph (2) be
17	charged with a violation of the most serious Federa
18	firearm offense consistent with the act committed.
19	(c) Covered Jurisdictions.—
20	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2)
21	the jurisdictions specified in this subsection are—
22	(A) the 10 jurisdictions with a population
23	equal to or greater than 100,000 persons that
24	had the highest total number of homicides ac
25	cording to the uniform crime report of the Fed-

1	eral Bureau of Investigation for the most recent
2	year available;
3	(B) the 5 jurisdictions with such a popu-
4	lation, other than the jurisdictions covered by
5	paragraph (1), with the highest per capita rate
6	of homicide according to the uniform crime re-
7	port of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for
8	the most recent year available; and
9	(C) the 3 tribal jurisdictions that have the
10	highest homicide crime rates, as determined by
11	the Attorney General.
12	(2) Limitation.—The 15 jurisdictions de-
13	scribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall not in-
14	clude any jurisdiction other than those within the 50
15	States.
16	(d) Annual Reports.—Not later than 1 year after
17	the date of enactment of this Act, an annually thereafter
18	the Attorney General shall submit to the Committee or
19	the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Ju-
20	diciary of the House of Representatives a report con-
21	taining the following information:
22	(1) The number of individuals indicted for such
23	violations of Federal firearms laws during that year
24	by reason of the program.

1	(2) The increase or decrease in the number of
2	individuals indicted for such violations of Federal
3	firearms laws during that year by reason of the pro-
4	gram when compared with the year preceding that
5	year.
6	(3) The number of individuals held without
7	bond in anticipation of prosecution by reason of the
8	program.
9	(4) To the extent the information is available,
10	the average length of prison sentence of the individ-
11	uals convicted of violations of Federal firearms laws
12	by reason of the program.
13	(5) The number of multi-jurisdiction task forces
14	established and the number of individuals arrested,
15	indicted, convicted or acquitted of charges for viola-
16	tions of the specific crimes listed in subsection
17	(b)(2).
18	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—
19	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
20	appropriated to carry out the program under this
21	section \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014,
22	2015, and 2016, which shall be used for salaries and
23	expenses of assistant United States attorneys and
24	Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explo-
25	sives agents.

1	(2) Use of funds.—
2	(A) Assistant united states attor-
3	NEYS.—The assistant United States attorneys
4	hired using amounts authorized to be appro-
5	priated under paragraph (1) shall prosecute vio-
6	lations of Federal firearms laws in accordance
7	with subsection $(b)(2)$ .
8	(B) ATF AGENTS.—The Bureau of Alco-
9	hol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives agents
10	hired using amounts authorized to be appro-
11	priated under paragraph (1) shall, to the max-
12	imum extent practicable, concentrate their in-
13	vestigations on violations of Federal firearms
14	laws in accordance with subsection (b)(2).
15	SEC. 107. PROSECUTION OF FELONS AND FUGITIVES WHO
16	ATTEMPT TO ILLEGALLY PURCHASE FIRE-
17	ARMS.
18	(a) Taskforce.—
19	(1) Establishment.—There is established a
20	task force within the Department of Justice, which
21	shall be known as the Felon and Fugitive Firearm
22	Task Force (referred to in this section as the "Task
23	Force"), to strengthen the efforts of the Department

of Justice to investigate and prosecute cases of con-

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1	victed felons and fugitives from justice who illegally
2	attempt to purchase a firearm.
3	(2) Membership.—The members of the Task
4	Force shall be—
5	(A) the Deputy Attorney General, who
6	shall serve as the Chairperson of the Task
7	Force;
8	(B) the Assistant Attorney General for the
9	Criminal Division;
10	(C) the Director of the Bureau of Alcohol,
11	Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives;
12	(D) the Director of the Federal Bureau of
13	Investigation; and
14	(E) such other officers or employees of the
15	Department of Justice as the Attorney General
16	may designate.
17	(3) Duties.—The Task Force shall—
18	(A) provide direction for the investigation
19	and prosecution of cases of convicted felons and
20	fugitives from justice attempting to illegally
21	purchase a firearm; and
22	(B) provide recommendations to the Attor-
23	ney General relating to—
24	(i) the allocation and reallocation of
25	resources of the Department of Justice for

1	investigation and prosecution of cases of
2	convicted felons and fugitives from justice
3	attempting to illegally purchase a firearm
4	(ii) enhancing cooperation among
5	agencies and entities of the Federal Gov-
6	ernment in the investigation and prosecu-
7	tion of cases of convicted felons and fugi-
8	tives from justice attempting to illegally
9	purchase a firearm;
10	(iii) enhancing cooperation among
11	Federal, State, and local authorities re-
12	sponsible for the investigation and prosecu-
13	tion of cases of convicted felons and fugi-
14	tives from justice attempting to illegally
15	purchase a firearm; and
16	(iv) changes in rules, regulations, or
17	policy to improve the effective investigation
18	and prosecution of cases of convicted felons
19	and fugitives from justice attempting to il-
20	legally purchase a firearm.
21	(4) Meetings.—The Task Force shall meet
22	not less than once a year.
23	(5) TERMINATION.—The Task Force shall ter-
24	minate on the date that is 5 years after the date of
25	enactment of this Act.

1	(b) Authorization for Use of Funds.—Section
2	524(c)(1) of title 28, United States Code, is amended—
3	(1) in subparagraph (H), by striking "and" at
4	the end;
5	(2) in subparagraph (I), by striking the period
6	at the end and inserting "; and; and
7	(3) by inserting after subparagraph (I) the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(J) the investigation and prosecution of cases
10	of convicted felons and fugitives from justice who il-
11	legally attempt to purchase a firearm, in accordance
12	with section 107 of the Protecting Communities and
13	Preserving the Second Amendment Act of 2013, pro-
14	vided that—
15	(i) not more than $$10,000,000$ shall be
16	available to the Attorney General for each of
17	fiscal years 2014 through 2018 under this sub-
18	paragraph; and
19	"(ii) not more than 5 percent of the
20	amounts made available under this subpara-
21	graph may be used for the administrative costs
22	of the task force established under section 107
23	of the Protecting Communities and Preserving
24	the Second Amendment Act of 2013.".

1	SEC. 108. LIMITATION ON OPERATIONS BY THE DEPART-
2	MENT OF JUSTICE.
3	The Department of Justice, and any of its law en-
4	forcement coordinate agencies, shall not conduct any oper-
5	ation where a Federal firearms licensee is directed, in-
6	structed, enticed, or otherwise encouraged by the Depart-
7	ment of Justice to sell a firearm to an individual if the
8	Department of Justice, or a coordinate agency, knows or
9	has reasonable cause to believe that such an individual is
10	purchasing on behalf of another for an illegal purpose un-
11	less the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General,
12	or the Assistant Attorney General for the Criminal Divi-
13	sion personally reviews and approves the operation, in
14	writing, and determines that the agency has prepared an
15	operational plan that includes sufficient safeguards to pre-
16	vent firearms from being transferred to third parties with-
17	out law enforcement taking reasonable steps to lawfully
18	interdict those firearms.
19	SEC. 109. STRAW PURCHASING OF FIREARMS.
20	(a) In General.—Chapter 44 of title 18, United
21	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"§ 932. Straw purchasing of firearms
24	"(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
25	"(1) the term 'crime of violence' has the mean-
26	ing given that term in section 924(c)(3);

1	"(2) the term 'drug trafficking crime' has the
2	meaning given that term in section 924(c)(2); and
3	"(3) the term 'Federal crime of terrorism' has
4	the meaning given that term in section 2332b(g).
5	"(b) Offense.—It shall be unlawful for any person
6	to—
7	"(1) purchase or otherwise obtain a firearm,
8	which has been shipped, transported, or received in
9	interstate or foreign commerce, for or on behalf of
10	any other person who the person purchasing or oth-
11	erwise obtaining the firearm knows—
12	"(A) is prohibited from possessing or re-
13	ceiving a firearm under subsection (g) or (n) of
14	section 922;
15	"(B) intends to use, carry, possess, or sell
16	or otherwise dispose of the firearm in further-
17	ance of a crime of violence, a drug trafficking
18	crime, or a Federal crime of terrorism;
19	"(C) intends to engage in conduct that
20	would constitute a crime of violence, a drug
21	trafficking crime, or a Federal crime of ter-
22	rorism if the conduct had occurred within the
23	United States; or

1	"(D) is not a resident of any State and is
2	not a citizen or lawful permanent resident of
3	the United States; or
4	"(2) willfully procure another to engage in con-
5	duct described in paragraph (1).
6	"(c) Penalty.—Any person who violates subsection
7	(b) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more
8	than 15 years, or both.
9	"§ 933. Trafficking in firearms
10	"(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
11	"(1) the term 'crime of violence' has the mean-
12	ing given that term in section 924(c)(3);
13	"(2) the term 'drug trafficking crime' has the
14	meaning given that term in section 924(c)(2); and
15	"(3) the term 'Federal crime of terrorism' has
16	the meaning given that term in section 2332b(g).
17	"(b) Offense.—It shall be unlawful for any person
18	to—
19	"(1) ship, transport, transfer, or otherwise dis-
20	pose of 2 or more firearms to another person in or
21	otherwise affecting interstate or foreign commerce, if
22	the transferor knows that the use, carrying, or pos-
23	session of a firearm by the transferee would violate
24	subsection (g) or (n) of section 922, or constitute a

1	crime of violence, a drug trafficking crime, or a Fed-
2	eral crime of terrorism;
3	"(2) receive from another person 2 or more
4	firearms in or otherwise affecting interstate or for-
5	eign commerce, if the recipient—
6	"(A) knows that such receipt would violate
7	subsection (g) or (n) of section 922; or
8	"(B) intends to use the firearm in further-
9	ance of a crime of violence, a drug trafficking
10	crime, or a Federal crime of terrorism; or
11	"(3) attempt or conspire to commit the conduct
12	described in paragraph (1) or (2).
13	"(c) Penalties.—
14	"(1) In General.—Any person who violates
15	subsection (b) shall be fined under this title, impris-
16	oned not more than 15 years, or both.
17	"(2) Organizer.—If a violation of subsection
18	(b) is committed by a person acting in concert with
19	other persons as an organizer, leader, supervisor, or
20	manager, the person shall be fined under this title,
21	imprisoned not more than 20 years, or both.".
22	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
23	The table of sections for chapter 44 of title 18, United
24	States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat-
25	ing to section 931 the following:

"932. Straw purchasing of firearms.

"933. Trafficking in firearms.".

- 1 (c) Directive to the Sentencing Commission.—
- 2 Pursuant to its authority under section 994 of title 28,
- 3 United States Code, and in accordance with this section,
- 4 the United States Sentencing Commission shall review and
- 5 amend its guidelines and policy statements to ensure that
- 6 persons convicted of an offense under section 932 or 933
- 7 of title 18, United States Code, and other offenses applica-
- 8 ble to the straw purchases and firearms trafficking of fire-
- 9 arms are subject to increased penalties in comparison to
- 10 those currently provided by the guidelines and policy state-
- 11 ments for such straw purchasing and firearms trafficking
- 12 offenses. In its review, the Commission shall consider, in
- 13 particular, an appropriate amendment to reflect the intent
- 14 of Congress that straw purchasers without significant
- 15 criminal histories receive sentences that are sufficient to
- 16 deter participation in such activities. The Commission
- 17 shall also review and amend its guidelines and policy state-
- 18 ments to reflect the intent of Congress that a person con-
- 19 victed of an offense under section 932 or 933 of title 18,
- 20 United States Code, who is affiliated with a gang, cartel,
- 21 organized crime ring, or other such enterprise should be
- 22 subject to higher penalties than an otherwise unaffiliated
- 23 individual.

## 1 SEC. 110. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR LYING AND BUYING.

- 2 Section 924(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 3 amended in the undesignated matter following subpara-
- 4 graph (D) by striking "five years" and inserting the fol-
- 5 lowing: "5 years (or, in the case of a violation under sub-
- 6 paragraph (A), not more than 10 years)".

# 7 SEC. 111. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 924(a).

- 8 Section 924(a) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 9 amended—
- 10 (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "(d), (g),";
- 11 and
- 12 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(8) Whoever knowingly violates subsection (d),
- 14 (g), or (n) of section 922 shall be fined under this
- title, imprisoned not more than 15 years, or both.".

#### 16 SEC. 112. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 924(h).

- 17 Section 924 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 18 amended by striking subsection (h) and inserting the fol-
- 19 lowing:
- 20 "(h) Whoever knowingly receives or transfers a fire-
- 21 arm or ammunition, or attempts or conspires to do so,
- 22 knowing that such firearm or ammunition will be used to
- 23 commit a crime of violence (as defined in subsection
- 24 (c)(3)), a drug trafficking crime (as defined in subsection
- 25 (c)(2)), a Federal crime of terrorism (as defined in section
- 26 2332b(g)), or a crime under the Arms Export Control Act

- 1 (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.), the International Emergency
- 2 Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), or the
- 3 Foreign Narcotics Kingpin Designation Act (21 U.S.C.
- 4 1901 et seq.), shall be imprisoned not more than 15 years,
- 5 fined in accordance with this title, or both.".
- 6 SEC. 113. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 924(k).
- 7 Section 924 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 8 amended by striking subsection (k) and inserting the fol-
- 9 lowing:
- 10 "(k)(1) A person who, with intent to engage in or
- 11 promote conduct that—
- 12 "(A) is punishable under the Controlled Sub-
- stances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), the Controlled
- Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 951
- et seq.), or chapter 705 of title 46;
- 16 "(B) violates any law of a State relating to any
- 17 controlled substance (as defined in section 102 of
- the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. 802);
- "(C) constitutes a crime of violence (as defined
- in subsection (c)(3); or
- 21 "(D) constitutes a Federal crime of terrorism
- 22 (as defined in section 2332b(g)),
- 23 smuggles or knowingly brings into the United States, a
- 24 firearm or ammunition, or attempts or conspires to do so,

1 shall be imprisoned not more than 15 years, fined under

- 2 this title, or both.
- 3 "(2) A person who, with intent to engage in or to
- 4 promote conduct that—
- 5 "(A) would be punishable under the Controlled
- 6 Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), the Con-
- 7 trolled Substances Import and Export Act (21
- 8 U.S.C. 951 et seq.), or chapter 705 of title 46, if the
- 9 conduct had occurred within the United States; or
- 10 "(B) would constitute a crime of violence (as
- defined in subsection (c)(3) or a Federal crime of
- terrorism (as defined in section 2332b(g)) for which
- the person may be prosecuted in a court of the
- 14 United States, if the conduct had occurred within
- the United States,
- 16 smuggles or knowingly takes out of the United States, a
- 17 firearm or ammunition, or attempts or conspires to do so,
- 18 shall be imprisoned not more than 15 years, fined under
- 19 this title, or both.".
- 20 SEC. 114. MULTIPLE SALES REPORTS FOR RIFLES AND
- 21 SHOTGUNS.
- Section 923(g)(5) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 23 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 24 "(C) The Attorney General may not require a licensee
- 25 to submit ongoing or periodic reporting of the sale or other

1	disposition of 2 or more rifles or shotguns during a speci-
2	fied period of time.".
3	SEC. 115. STUDY BY THE NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF JUS-
4	TICE AND NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES
5	ON THE CAUSES OF MASS SHOOTINGS.
6	(a) In General.—
7	(1) Study.—Not later than 90 days after the
8	date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General
9	shall instruct the Director of the National Institutes
10	of Justice, to conduct a peer-reviewed study to ex-
11	amine various sources and causes of mass shootings
12	including psychological factors, the impact of violent
13	video games, and other factors. The Director shall
14	enter into a contract with the National Academy of
15	Sciences to conduct this study jointly with an inde-
16	pendent panel of 5 experts appointed by the Acad-
17	emy.
18	(2) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
19	date on which the study required under paragraph
20	(1) begins, the Directors shall submit to Congress a
21	report detailing the findings of the study.
22	(b) Issues Examined.—The study conducted under
23	subsection (a)(1) shall examine—
24	(1) mental illness;

1	(2) the availability of mental health and other
2	resources and strategies to help families detect and
3	counter tendencies toward violence;
4	(3) the availability of mental health and other
5	resources at schools to help detect and counter ten-
6	dencies of students towards violence;
7	(4) the extent to which perpetrators of mass
8	shootings, either alleged, convicted, deceased, or oth-
9	erwise, played violent or adult-themed video games
10	and whether the perpetrators of mass shootings dis-
11	cussed, planned, or used violent or adult-themed
12	video games in preparation of or to assist in car-
13	rying out their violent actions;
14	(5) familial relationships, including the level of
15	involvement and awareness of parents;
16	(6) exposure to bullying; and
17	(7) the extent to which perpetrators of mass
18	shootings were acting in a "copycat" manner based
19	upon previous violent events.
20	SEC. 116. REPORTS TO CONGRESS REGARDING AMMUNI
21	TION PURCHASES BY FEDERAL AGENCIES.
22	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
23	of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and
24	Budget, shall report to the Speaker of the House of Rep-
25	resentatives, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate

and the Chairmen and Ranking Members of the House and Senate Committee on Appropriations and the Com-3 mittee on the Judiciary, the House Committee on Home-4 land Security, the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs, and the House Committee 6 on Government Reform and Oversight, a report includ-7 ing— 8 (1) details of all purchases of ammunition by 9 each Federal agency; 10 (2) a summary of all purchases, solicitations, 11 and expenditures on ammunition by each Federal 12 agency; 13 (3) a summary of all the rounds of ammunition 14 expended by each Federal agency and a current list-15 ing of stockpiled ammunition for each Federal agen-16 cy; and 17 (4) an estimate of future ammunition needs 18 and purchases for each Federal agency for the next 19 fiscal year. 20 SEC. 117. REDUCTION OF BYRNE JAG FUNDS FOR STATE 21 FAILURE TO PROVIDE MENTAL HEALTH 22 RECORDS TO NICS. 23 Section 104(b) of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended— 25 (1) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2);

1	(2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
2	graph (2);
3	(3) in paragraph (2), as redesignated, by strik-
4	ing "of paragraph (2)" and inserting "of paragraph
5	(1)"; and
6	(4) by inserting before paragraph (2), as redes-
7	ignated, the following:
8	"(1) Reduction for failure to provide
9	MENTAL HEALTH RECORDS.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—During the period be-
11	ginning on the date that is 18 months after the
12	date of enactment of the Protecting Commu-
13	nities and Preserving the Second Amendment
14	Act of 2013 and ending on the day before the
15	date described in subparagraph (B), the Attor-
16	ney General shall withhold 5 percent of the
17	amount that would otherwise be allocated to a
18	State under section 505 of the Omnibus Crime
19	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
20	U.S.C. 3755) if the State does not—
21	"(i) provide not less than 90 percent
22	of the records required to be provided
23	under sections 102 and 103; or
24	"(ii) have in effect a statute that—

1	"(I) requires the State to provide
2	the records required to be provided
3	under sections 102 and 103; and
4	"(II) implements a relief from
5	disabilities program in accordance
6	with section 105.
7	"(B) Final implementation dead-
8	LINE.—Beginning on the date that is 5 years
9	after the date of enactment of the Protecting
10	Communities and Preserving the Second
11	Amendment Act of 2013, the Attorney General
12	shall withhold 10 percent of the amount that
13	would otherwise be allocated to a State under
14	section 505 of the Omnibus Crime Control and
15	Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3755) if
16	the State does not have in effect a statute de-
17	scribed in subparagraph (A)(ii) of this para-
18	graph.".
19	SEC. 118. FIREARM COMMERCE MODERNIZATION.
20	(a) Firearms Dispositions.—Section 922(b)(3) of
21	title 18, United States Code, is amended—
22	(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),
23	by striking "located" and inserting "located or tem-
24	porarily located"; and
25	(2) in subparagraph (A)—

1	(A) by striking "rifle or shotgun" and in-
2	serting "firearm";
3	(B) by striking "located" and inserting
4	"located or temporarily located"; and
5	(C) by striking "both such States" and in-
6	serting "the State in which the transfer is con-
7	ducted and the State of residence of the trans-
8	feree".
9	(b) Dealer Location.—Section 923 of title 18
10	United States Code, is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (j)—
12	(A) in the first sentence, by striking ", and
13	such location is in the State which is specified
14	on the license'; and
15	(B) in the last sentence—
16	(i) by inserting "transfer," after
17	"sell,"; and
18	(ii) by striking "Act," and all that fol-
19	lows and inserting "Act."; and
20	(2) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(m) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to
22	prohibit the sale, transfer, delivery, or other disposition
23	of a firearm or ammunition—

1	"(1) by a person licensed under this chapter to
2	another person so licensed, at any location in any
3	State; or
4	"(2) by a licensed importer, licensed manufac-
5	turer, or licensed dealer to a person not licensed
6	under this chapter, at a temporary location de-
7	scribed in subsection (j) in any State.".
8	(c) Residence of United States Officers.—
9	Section 921 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
10	by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:
11	"(b) For purposes of this chapter:
12	"(1) A member of the Armed Forces on active
13	duty, or a spouse of such a member, is a resident
14	of—
15	"(A) the State in which the member or
16	spouse maintains legal residence;
17	"(B) the State in which the permanent
18	duty station of the member is located; and
19	"(C) the State in which the member main-
20	tains a place of abode from which the member
21	commutes each day to the permanent duty sta-
22	tion of the member.
23	"(2) An officer or employee of the United
24	States (other than a member of the Armed Forces)
25	who is stationed outside the United States for a pe-

1	riod of more than 1 year, and a spouse of such an
2	officer or employee, is a resident of the State in
3	which the person maintains legal residence.".
4	SEC. 119. FIREARM DEALER ACCESS TO LAW ENFORCE-
5	MENT INFORMATION.
6	(a) In General.—Section 103(b) of the Brady
7	Handgun Violence Prevention Act (18 U.S.C. 922 note),
8	is amended—
9	(1) by striking "Not later than" and inserting
10	the following:
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than"; and
12	(2) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(2) Voluntary background checks.—
14	"(A) In General.—Not later than 90
15	days after the date of enactment of the Pro-
16	tecting Communities and Preserving the Second
17	Amendment Act of 2013, the Attorney General
18	shall promulgate regulations allowing licensees
19	to use the national instant criminal background
20	check system established under this section for
21	purposes of conducting voluntary, no fee em-
22	ployment background checks on current or pro-
23	spective employees.
24	"(B) Notice.—Before conducting an em-
25	ployment background check relating to an indi-

1	vidual under subparagraph (A), a licensee
2	shall—
3	"(i) provide written notice to the indi-
4	vidual that the licensee intends to conduct
5	the background check; and
6	"(ii) obtain consent to conduct the
7	background check from the individual in
8	writing.
9	"(C) Exemption.—An employment back-
10	ground check conducted by a licensee under
11	subparagraph (A) shall not governed by the
12	Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et
13	seq.).
14	"(D) APPEAL.—Any individual who is the
15	subject of an employment background check
16	conducted by a licensee under subparagraph
17	(A) the result of which indicates that the indi-
18	vidual is a prohibited from possessing a firearm
19	or ammunition pursuant to subsection (g) or
20	(n) of section 922 of title 18, United States
21	Code, may appeal the results of the background
22	check in the same manner and to the same ex-
23	tent as if the individual had been the subject of
24	a background check relating to the transfer of
25	a firearm.".

1	(b) Acquisition, Preservation, and Exchange
2	of Identification Records and Information.—Sec-
3	tion 534 of title 28, United States Code, is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (a)—
5	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at
6	the end;
7	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking the pe-
8	riod at the end and inserting "; and"; and
9	(C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the
10	following:
11	"(5) provide a person licensed as an importer,
12	manufacturer, or dealer of firearms under chapter
13	44 of title 18 with information necessary to verify
14	whether firearms offered for sale to such licensees
15	have been stolen."; and
16	(2) in subsection (b), by inserting ", except for
17	dissemination authorized under subsection (a)(5) of
18	this section" before the period.
19	(c) Regulations.—Not later than 90 days after the
20	date of enactment of this Act, and without regard to chap-
21	ter 5 of title 5, United States Code, the Attorney General
22	shall promulgate regulations allowing a person licensed as
23	an importer, manufacturer, or dealer of firearms under
24	chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, to receive ac-
25	cess to records of stolen firearms maintained by the Na-

tional Crime Information Center operated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, solely for the purpose of volun-3 tarily verifying whether firearms offered for sale to such 4 licensees have been stolen. 5 (d) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION; EVIDENCE.— 6 (1) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in 7 this section or the amendments made by this section 8 shall be construed— 9 (A) to create a cause of action against any 10 person licensed as an importer, manufacturer, 11 or dealer of firearms under chapter 44 of title 12 18, United States Code or any other person for 13 any civil liability; or 14 (B) to establish any standard of care. 15 (2)EVIDENCE.—Notwithstanding any other 16 provision of law, evidence regarding the use or non-17 use by a person licensed as an importer, manufac-18 turer, or dealer of firearms under chapter 44 of title 19 18, United States Code of the systems, information, 20 or records made available under this section or the 21 amendments made by this section shall not be ad-22 missible as evidence in any proceeding of any court, 23 agency, board, or other entity.

1	SEC. 120. INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF FIREARMS OR
2	AMMUNITION.
3	(a) In General.—Section 926A of title 18, United
4	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
5	"§ 926A. Interstate transportation of firearms or am-
6	munition
7	"(a) Definition.—In this section, the term 'trans-
8	port' includes staying in temporary lodging overnight,
9	stopping for food, fuel, vehicle maintenance, an emer-
10	gency, medical treatment, and any other activity incidental
11	to the transport.
12	"(b) Authorization.—Notwithstanding any provi-
13	sion of any law (including a rule or regulation) of a State
14	or any political subdivision thereof, a person who is not
15	prohibited by this chapter from possessing, transporting,
16	shipping, or receiving a firearm or ammunition shall be
17	entitled to—
18	"(1) transport a firearm for any lawful purpose
19	from any place where the person may lawfully pos-
20	sess, carry, or transport the firearm to any other
21	such place if, during the transportation—
22	"(A) the firearm is unloaded; and
23	"(B)(i) if the transportation is by motor
24	vehicle—

1	"(1) the firearm is not directly acces-
2	sible from the passenger compartment of
3	the motor vehicle; or
4	"(II) if the motor vehicle is without a
5	compartment separate from the passenger
6	compartment, the firearm is—
7	"(aa) in a locked container other
8	than the glove compartment or con-
9	sole; or
10	"(bb) secured by a secure gun
11	storage or safety device; or
12	"(ii) if the transportation is by other
13	means, the firearm is in a locked container or
14	secured by a secure gun storage or safety de-
15	vice; and
16	"(2) transport ammunition for any lawful pur-
17	pose from any place where the person may lawfully
18	possess, carry, or transport the ammunition, to any
19	other such place if, during the transportation—
20	"(A) the ammunition is not loaded into a
21	firearm; and
22	"(B)(i) if the transportation is by motor
23	vehicle—

1	"(I) the ammunition is not directly
2	accessible from the passenger compartment
3	of the motor vehicle; or
4	"(II) if the motor vehicle is without a
5	compartment separate from the passenger
6	compartment, the ammunition is in a
7	locked container other than the glove com-
8	partment or console; or
9	"(ii) if the transportation is by other
10	means, the ammunition is in a locked container.
11	"(c) State Law.—
12	"(1) Arrest authority.—A person who is
13	transporting a firearm or ammunition may not be—
14	"(A) arrested for violation of any law or
15	any rule or regulation of a State, or any polit-
16	ical subdivision thereof, relating to the posses-
17	sion, transportation, or carrying of firearms or
18	ammunition, unless there is probable cause to
19	believe that the transportation is not in accord-
20	ance with subsection (b); or
21	"(B) detained for violation of any law or
22	any rule or regulation of a State, or any polit-
23	ical subdivision thereof, relating to the posses-
24	sion, transportation, or carrying of firearms or
25	ammunition, unless there is reasonable sus-

1	picion that the transportation is not in accord-
2	ance with subsection (b).
3	"(2) Prosecution.—
4	"(A) BURDEN OF PROOF.—If a person as-
5	serts this section as a defense in a criminal pro-
6	ceeding, the government shall bear the burden
7	of proving, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the
8	conduct of the person was not in accordance
9	with subsection (b).
10	"(B) Prevailing defendant.—If a per-
11	son successfully asserts this section as a defense
12	in a criminal proceeding, the court shall award
13	the prevailing defendant reasonable attorney's
14	fees.".
15	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
16	The table of sections for chapter 44 of title 18, United
17	States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to
18	section 926A and inserting the following:
	"926A. Interstate transportation of firearms or ammunition.".
19	TITLE II—MENTAL HEALTH
20	SEC. 201. REAUTHORIZATION AND ADDITIONAL AMEND-
21	MENTS TO THE MENTALLY ILL OFFENDER
22	TREATMENT AND CRIME REDUCTION ACT.
23	(a) Safe Communities.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 2991(a) of the Om-
2	nibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
3	(42 U.S.C. 3797aa(a)) is amended—
4	(A) in paragraph (7)—
5	(i) in the heading, by striking "MEN-
6	TAL ILLNESS" and inserting "MENTAL
7	ILLNESS; MENTAL HEALTH DISORDER";
8	and
9	(ii) by striking "term 'mental illness'
10	means" and inserting "terms mental ill-
11	ness' and 'mental health disorder' mean";
12	and
13	(B) by striking paragraph (9) and insert-
14	ing the following:
15	"(9) Preliminarily qualified offender.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'prelimi-
17	narily qualified offender' means an adult or ju-
18	venile accused of an offense who—
19	"(i)(I) previously or currently has
20	been diagnosed by a qualified mental
21	health professional as having a mental ill-
22	ness or co-occurring mental illness and
23	substance abuse disorders;
24	"(II) manifests obvious signs of men-
25	tal illness or co-occurring mental illness

1	and substance abuse disorders during ar-
2	rest or confinement or before any court; or
3	"(III) in the case of a veterans treat-
4	ment court provided under subsection (i),
5	has been diagnosed with, or manifests ob-
6	vious signs of, mental illness or a sub-
7	stance abuse disorder or co-occurring men-
8	tal illness and substance abuse disorder;
9	and
10	"(ii) has been unanimously approved
11	for participation in a program funded
12	under this section by, when appropriate,
13	the relevant—
14	"(I) prosecuting attorney;
15	"(II) defense attorney;
16	"(III) probation or corrections
17	official;
18	"(IV) judge; and
19	"(V) a representative from the
20	relevant mental health agency de-
21	scribed in subsection (b)(5)(B)(i).
22	"(B) Determination.—In determining
23	whether to designate a defendant as a prelimi-
24	narily qualified offender, the relevant pros-
25	ecuting attorney, defense attorney, probation or

1	corrections official, judge, and mental health or
2	substance abuse agency representative shall
3	take into account—
4	"(i) whether the participation of the
5	defendant in the program would pose a
6	substantial risk of violence to the commu-
7	nity;
8	"(ii) the criminal history of the de-
9	fendant and the nature and severity of the
10	offense for which the defendant is charged;
11	"(iii) the views of any relevant victims
12	to the offense;
13	"(iv) the extent to which the defend-
14	ant would benefit from participation in the
15	program;
16	"(v) the extent to which the commu-
17	nity would realize cost savings because of
18	the defendant's participation in the pro-
19	gram; and
20	"(vi) whether the defendant satisfies
21	the eligibility criteria for program partici-
22	pation unanimously established by the rel-
23	evant prosecuting attorney, defense attor-
24	ney, probation or corrections official, judge

1	and mental health or substance abuse
2	agency representative.".
3	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
4	MENT.—Section 2927(2) of the Omnibus Crime
5	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
6	3797s-6(2)) is amended by striking "has the mean-
7	ing given that term in section 2991(a)." and insert-
8	ing "means an offense that—
9	"(A) does not have as an element the use,
10	attempted use, or threatened use of physical
11	force against the person or property of another;
12	or
13	"(B) is not a felony that by its nature in-
14	volves a substantial risk that physical force
15	against the person or property of another may
16	be used in the course of committing the of-
17	fense.".
18	(b) Evidence Based Practices.—Section 2991(c)
19	of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
20	Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797aa(c)) is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "or" at the
22	end;
23	(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as para-
24	graph (6); and

1	(3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(4) propose interventions that have been
4	shown by empirical evidence to reduce recidivism;
5	"(5) when appropriate, use validated assess-
6	ment tools to target preliminarily qualified offenders
7	with a moderate or high risk of recidivism and a
8	need for treatment and services; or".
9	(c) Academy Training.—Section 2991(h) of title I
10	of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
11	1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797aa(h)) is amended—
12	(1) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the
13	following:
14	"(F) Academy training.—To provide
15	support for academy curricula, law enforcement
16	officer orientation programs, continuing edu-
17	cation training, and other programs that teach
18	law enforcement personnel how to identify and
19	respond to incidents involving persons with
20	mental health disorders or co-occurring mental
21	health and substance abuse disorders."; and
22	(2) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(4) Priority consideration.—The Attorney
24	General, in awarding grants under this subsection,
25	shall give priority to programs that law enforcement

1	personnel and members of the mental health and
2	substance abuse professions develop and administer
3	cooperatively.".
4	(d) Assisting Veterans.—
5	Section 2991 of the Omnibus Crime Control
6	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797aa) is
7	amended—
8	(A) by redesignating subsection (i) as sub-
9	section (n); and
10	(B) by inserting after subsection (h) the
11	following:
12	"(i) Assisting Veterans.—
13	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
14	"(A) Peer to peer services or pro-
15	GRAMS.—The term 'peer to peer services or
16	programs' means services or programs that con-
17	nect qualified veterans with other veterans for
18	the purpose of providing support and
19	mentorship to assist qualified veterans in ob-
20	taining treatment, recovery, stabilization, or re-
21	habilitation.
22	"(B) QUALIFIED VETERAN.—The term
23	'qualified veteran' means a preliminarily quali-
24	fied offender who—

1	"(i) has served on active duty in any
2	branch of the Armed Forces, including the
3	National Guard and reserve components;
4	and
5	"(ii) was discharged or released from
6	such service under conditions other than
7	dishonorable.
8	"(C) Veterans treatment court pro-
9	GRAM.—The term 'veterans treatment court
10	program' means a court program involving col-
11	laboration among criminal justice, veterans, and
12	mental health and substance abuse agencies
13	that provides qualified veterans with—
14	"(i) intensive judicial supervision and
15	case management, which may include ran-
16	dom and frequent drug testing where ap-
17	propriate;
18	"(ii) a full continuum of treatment
19	services, including mental health services,
20	substance abuse services, medical services,
21	and services to address trauma;
22	"(iii) alternatives to incarceration;
23	and
24	"(iv) other appropriate services, in-
25	cluding housing, transportation, mentoring,

1	employment, job training, education, and
2	assistance in applying for and obtaining
3	available benefits.
4	"(2) Veterans assistance program.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General,
6	in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans
7	Affairs, may award grants under this sub-
8	section to applicants to establish or expand—
9	"(i) veterans treatment court pro-
10	grams;
11	"(ii) peer to peer services or programs
12	for qualified veterans;
13	"(iii) practices that identify and pro-
14	vide treatment, rehabilitation, legal, transi-
15	tional, and other appropriate services to
16	qualified veterans who have been incarcer-
17	ated; and
18	"(iv) training programs to teach
19	criminal justice, law enforcement, correc-
20	tions, mental health, and substance abuse
21	personnel how to identify and appro-
22	priately respond to incidents involving
23	qualified veterans.

1	(B) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants
2	under this subsection, the Attorney General
3	shall give priority to applications that—
4	"(i) demonstrate collaboration be-
5	tween and joint investments by criminal
6	justice, mental health, substance abuse,
7	and veterans service agencies;
8	"(ii) promote effective strategies to
9	identify and reduce the risk of harm to
10	qualified veterans and public safety; and
11	"(iii) propose interventions with em-
12	pirical support to improve outcomes for
13	qualified veterans.".
14	(e) Correctional Facilities; High Utilizers.—
15	Section 2991 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
16	Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797aa) is amended by
17	inserting after subsection (i), as so added by subsection
18	(d), the following:
19	"(j) Correctional Facilities.—
20	"(1) Definitions.—
21	"(A) CORRECTIONAL FACILITY.—The term
22	'correctional facility' means a jail, prison, or
23	other detention facility used to house people
24	who have been arrested, detained, held, or con-
25	victed by a criminal justice agency or a court.

1	"(B) Eligible inmate.—The term 'eligi-
2	ble inmate' means an individual who—
3	"(i) is being held, detained, or incar-
4	cerated in a correctional facility; and
5	"(ii) manifests obvious signs of a
6	mental illness or has been diagnosed by a
7	qualified mental health professional as hav-
8	ing a mental illness.
9	"(2) CORRECTIONAL FACILITY GRANTS.—The
10	Attorney General may award grants to applicants to
11	enhance the capabilities of a correctional facility—
12	"(A) to identify and screen for eligible in-
13	mates;
14	"(B) to plan and provide—
15	"(i) initial and periodic assessments of
16	the clinical, medical, and social needs of in-
17	mates; and
18	"(ii) appropriate treatment and serv-
19	ices that address the mental health and
20	substance abuse needs of inmates;
21	"(C) to develop, implement, and enhance—
22	"(i) post-release transition plans for
23	eligible inmates that, in a comprehensive
24	manner, coordinate health, housing, med-

1	ical, employment, and other appropriate
2	services and public benefits;
3	"(ii) the availability of mental health
4	care services and substance abuse treat-
5	ment services; and
6	"(iii) alternatives to solitary confine-
7	ment and segregated housing and mental
8	health screening and treatment for inmates
9	placed in solitary confinement or seg-
10	regated housing; and
11	"(D) to train each employee of the correc-
12	tional facility to identify and appropriately re-
13	spond to incidents involving inmates with men-
14	tal health or co-occurring mental health and
15	substance abuse disorders.
16	"(k) Demonstration Grants Responding to
17	HIGH UTILIZERS.—
18	"(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
19	'high utilizer' means an individual who—
20	"(A) manifests obvious signs of mental ill-
21	ness or has been diagnosed by a qualified men-
22	tal health professional as having a mental ill-
23	ness; and
24	"(B) consumes a significantly dispropor-
25	tionate quantity of public resources, such as

1	emergency, housing, judicial, corrections, and
2	law enforcement services.
3	"(2) Demonstration grants responding to
4	HIGH UTILIZERS.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
6	may award not more than 6 grants per year
7	under this subsection to applicants for the pur-
8	pose of reducing the use of public services by
9	high utilizers.
10	"(B) USE OF GRANTS.—A recipient of a
11	grant awarded under this subsection may use
12	the grant—
13	"(i) to develop or support multidisci-
14	plinary teams that coordinate, implement,
15	and administer community-based crisis re-
16	sponses and long-term plans for high uti-
17	lizers;
18	"(ii) to provide training on how to re-
19	spond appropriately to the unique issues
20	involving high utilizers for public service
21	personnel, including criminal justice, men-
22	tal health, substance abuse, emergency
23	room, healthcare, law enforcement, correc-
24	tions, and housing personnel;

1	"(iii) to develop or support alter-
2	natives to hospital and jail admissions for
3	high utilizers that provide treatment, sta-
4	bilization, and other appropriate supports
5	in the least restrictive, yet appropriate, en-
6	vironment; or
7	"(iv) to develop protocols and systems
8	among law enforcement, mental health,
9	substance abuse, housing, corrections, and
10	emergency medical service operations to
11	provide coordinated assistance to high uti-
12	lizers.
13	"(C) Report.—Not later than the last
14	day of the first year following the fiscal year in
15	which a grant is awarded under this subsection,
16	the recipient of the grant shall submit to the
17	Attorney General a report that—
18	"(i) measures the performance of the
19	grant recipient in reducing the use of pub-
20	lic services by high utilizers; and
21	"(ii) provides a model set of practices,
22	systems, or procedures that other jurisdic-
23	tions can adopt to reduce the use of public
24	services by high utilizers.".

1	(f) GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY.—Section 2991 of the
2	Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
3	U.S.C. 3797aa) is amended by inserting after subsection
4	(i), as so added by subsection (e), the following:
5	"(l) ACCOUNTABILITY.—All grants awarded by the
6	Attorney General under this section shall be subject to the
7	following accountability provisions:
8	"(1) Audit requirement.—
9	"(A) Definition.—In this paragraph, the
10	term 'unresolved audit finding' means a finding
11	in the final audit report of the Inspector Gen-
12	eral of the Department of Justice that the au-
13	dited grantee has utilized grant funds for an
14	unauthorized expenditure or otherwise unallow-
15	able cost that is not closed or resolved within
16	12 months from the date when the final audit
17	report is issued.
18	"(B) Audits.—Beginning in the first fis-
19	cal year beginning after the date of enactment
20	of this subsection, and in each fiscal year there-
21	after, the Inspector General of the Department
22	of Justice shall conduct audits of recipients of
23	grants under this section to prevent waste,
24	fraud, and abuse of funds by grantees. The In-

1	spector General shall determine the appropriate
2	number of grantees to be audited each year.
3	"(C) MANDATORY EXCLUSION.—A recipi-
4	ent of grant funds under this section that is
5	found to have an unresolved audit finding shall
6	not be eligible to receive grant funds under this
7	section during the first 2 fiscal years beginning
8	after the end of the 12-month period described
9	in subparagraph (A).
10	"(D) Priority.—In awarding grants
11	under this section, the Attorney General shall
12	give priority to eligible applicants that did not
13	have an unresolved audit finding during the 3
14	fiscal years before submitting an application for
15	a grant under this section.
16	"(E) Reimbursement.—If an entity is
17	awarded grant funds under this section during
18	the 2-fiscal-year period during which the entity
19	is barred from receiving grants under subpara-
20	graph (C), the Attorney General shall—
21	"(i) deposit an amount equal to the
22	amount of the grant funds that were im-
23	properly awarded to the grantee into the
24	General Fund of the Treasury; and

1	"(ii) seek to recoup the costs of the
2	repayment to the fund from the grant re-
3	cipient that was erroneously awarded grant
4	funds.
5	"(2) Nonprofit organization require-
6	MENTS.—
7	"(A) Definition.—For purposes of this
8	paragraph and the grant programs under this
9	part, the term 'nonprofit organization' means
10	an organization that is described in section
11	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of $1986$
12	and is exempt from taxation under section
13	501(a) of such Code.
14	"(B) Prohibition.—The Attorney Gen-
15	eral may not award a grant under this part to
16	a section organization that holds money in off-
17	shore accounts for the purpose of avoiding pay-
18	ing the tax described in section 511(a) of the
19	Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
20	"(C) Disclosure.—Each nonprofit orga-
21	nization that is awarded a grant under this sec-
22	tion and uses the procedures prescribed in regu-
23	lations to create a rebuttable presumption of
24	reasonableness for the compensation of its offi-
25	cers, directors, trustees and key employees,

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shall disclose to the Attorney General, in the application for the grant, the process for determining such compensation, including the independent persons involved in reviewing and approving such compensation, the comparability data used, and contemporaneous substantiation of the deliberation and decision. Upon request, the Attorney General shall make the information disclosed under this subparagraph available for public inspection.

## "(3) Conference expenditures.—

"(A) LIMITATION.—No amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Justice under this section may be used by the Attorney General, or by any individual or entity awarded discretionary funds through a cooperative agreement under this section, to host or support any expenditure for conferences that uses more than \$20,000 in funds made available by the Department of Justice, unless the Deputy Attorney General or such Assistant Attorney Generals, Directors, or principal deputies as the Deputy Attorney General may designate, provides prior written authorization that the funds may be expended to host the conference.

1	"(B) Written approval.—Written ap-
2	proval under subparagraph (A) shall include a
3	written estimate of all costs associated with the
4	conference, including the cost of all food, bev-
5	erages, audio-visual equipment, honoraria for
6	speakers, and entertainment.
7	"(C) Report.—The Deputy Attorney Gen-
8	eral shall submit an annual report to the Com-
9	mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
10	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of
11	Representatives on all conference expenditures
12	approved under this paragraph.
13	"(4) Annual Certification.—Beginning in
14	the first fiscal year beginning after the date of en-
15	actment of this subsection, the Attorney General
16	shall submit, to the Committee on the Judiciary and
17	the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and
18	the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee
19	on Appropriations of the House of Representatives,
20	an annual certification—
21	"(A) indicating whether—
22	"(i) all audits issued by the Office of
23	the Inspector General under paragraph (1)
24	have been completed and reviewed by the

1	appropriate Assistant Attorney General or
2	Director;
3	"(ii) all mandatory exclusions required
4	under paragraph (1)(C) have been issued;
5	and
6	"(iii) all reimbursements required
7	under paragraph (1)(E) have been made;
8	and
9	"(B) that includes a list of any grant re-
10	cipients excluded under paragraph (1) from the
11	previous year.".
12	"(m) Preventing Duplicative Grants.—
13	"(1) In General.—Before the Attorney Gen-
14	eral awards a grant to an applicant under this sec-
15	tion, the Attorney General shall compare potential
16	grant awards with other grants awarded under this
17	Act to determine if duplicate grant awards are
18	awarded for the same purpose.
19	"(2) Report.—If the Attorney General awards
20	duplicate grants to the same applicant for the same
21	purpose the Attorney General shall submit to the
22	Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
23	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
24	resentatives a report that includes—

1	"(A) a list of all duplicate grants awarded,
2	including the total dollar amount of any dupli-
3	cate grants awarded; and
4	"(B) the reason the Attorney General
5	awarded the duplicate grants.".
6	(g) Reauthorization of Appropriations.—Sec-
7	tion 2991(n) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and
8	Safe Streets Act of 1968, as redesignated in subsection
9	(d), is amended—
10	(1) in paragraph (1);
11	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking
12	"and" at the end;
13	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the
14	period and inserting "; and; and
15	(C) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(D) $$40,000,000$ for each of fiscal years $2015$
17	through 2019."; and
18	(2) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(3) Limitation.—Not more than 20 percent
20	of the funds authorized to be appropriated under
21	this section may be used for purposes described in
22	subsection (i) (relating to veterans).".
23	SEC. 202. ADDITIONAL PURPOSES FOR FEDERAL GRANTS.
24	(a) Modifications to the Edward Byrne Memo-
25	RIAL JUSTICE ASSISTANCE GRANT PROGRAM.—Section

1	501(a)(1) of title 1 of the Omnibus Crime Control and
2	Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3751(a)(1)) is
3	amended by adding at the end the following:
4	"(H) Mental health programs and oper-
5	ations by law enforcement or corrections.".
6	(b) Modifications to the Community Oriented
7	Policing Services Program.—Section 1701(b) of title
8	I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
9	1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796dd(b)) is amended—
10	(1) in paragraph (16), by striking "and" at the
11	end;
12	(2) by redesignating paragraph (17) as para-
13	graph (19);
14	(3) by inserting after paragraph (16) the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(17) to provide specialized training to law en-
17	forcement officers (including village public safety of
18	ficers (as defined in section 247 of the Indian Arts
19	and Crafts Amendments Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C
20	3796dd note))) to recognize individuals who have
21	mental illness and how to properly intervene with in-
22	dividuals with mental illness and to establish pro-
23	grams that enhance the ability of law enforcement
24	agencies to address the mental health behavioral

1	and substance abuse problems of individuals encoun-
2	tered in the line of duty;
3	"(18) to provide specialized training to correc-
4	tions officers to recognize individuals who have men-
5	tal illness and to enhance the ability of corrections
6	officers to address the mental health or individuals
7	under the care and custody of jails and prisons;
8	and"; and
9	(4) in paragraph (19), as redesignated, by
10	striking "through (16)" and inserting "through
11	(18)".
12	SEC. 203. CONDITIONS FOR TREATMENT OF CERTAIN PER-
13	SONS AS ADJUDICATED MENTALLY INCOM-
14	PETENT FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.
15	(a) In General.—Chapter 55 of title 38, United
16	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
	states code, is amended by adding at the charmer for
17	lowing:
	,
	lowing:
18	lowing: "§ 5511. Conditions for treatment of certain persons
18 19	lowing:  "§ 5511. Conditions for treatment of certain persons as adjudicated mentally incompetent for
18 19 20	lowing:  "§ 5511. Conditions for treatment of certain persons as adjudicated mentally incompetent for certain purposes
18 19 20 21	lowing:  "§ 5511. Conditions for treatment of certain persons  as adjudicated mentally incompetent for  certain purposes  "In any case arising out of the administration by the
18 19 20 21 22	lowing:  "§ 5511. Conditions for treatment of certain persons  as adjudicated mentally incompetent for  certain purposes  "In any case arising out of the administration by the  Secretary of laws and benefits under this title, a person

- 1 under subsection (d)(4) or (g)(4) of section 922 of title
- 2 18 without the order or finding of a judge, magistrate,
- 3 or other judicial authority of competent jurisdiction that
- 4 such person is a danger to himself or herself or others.".
- 5 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 6 The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 55 of
- 7 title 38, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
- 8 end the following:

"5511. Conditions for treatment of certain persons as adjudicated mentally incompetent for certain purposes.".

## 9 TITLE III—SCHOOL SAFETY

- 10 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
- This title may be cited as the "School Safety En-
- 12 hancements Act of 2013".
- 13 SEC. 302. GRANT PROGRAM FOR SCHOOL SECURITY.
- Section 2701 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
- 15 and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797a) is amend-
- 16 ed—
- 17 (1) in subsection (b)—
- 18 (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) by striking "Placement" and in-
- serting "Installation"; and
- 21 (ii) by inserting "surveillance equip-
- ment," after "detectors,";
- (B) by redesignating paragraph (5) as
- paragraph (6); and

1	(C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the
2	following:
3	"(5) Establishment of hotlines or tiplines for
4	the reporting of potentially dangerous students and
5	situations."; and
6	(2) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(g) Interagency Task Force.—
8	"(1) Establishment.—Not later than 60 days
9	after the date of enactment of the School Safety En-
10	hancements Act of 2013, the Director and the Sec-
11	retary of Education, or the designee of the Sec-
12	retary, shall establish an interagency task force to
13	develop and promulgate a set of advisory school
14	safety guidelines.
15	"(2) Publication of Guidelines.—Not later
16	than 1 year after the date of enactment of the
17	School Safety Enhancements Act of 2013, the advi-
18	sory school safety guidelines promulgated by the
19	interagency task force shall be published in the Fed-
20	eral Register.
21	"(3) REQUIRED CONSULTATION.—In developing
22	the final advisory school safety guidelines under this
23	subsection, the interagency task force shall consult
24	with stakeholders and interested parties, including
25	parents, teachers, and agencies.".

SEC	303	APPLICATIONS	

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2	Section 2702(a)(2) of title I of the Omnibus Crime
3	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
4	3797b(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:
5	"(2) be accompanied by a report—
6	"(A) signed by the heads of each law en-
7	forcement agency and school district with juris-
8	diction over the schools where the safety im-
9	provements will be implemented; and
10	"(B) demonstrating that each proposed use
11	of the grant funds will be—
12	"(i) an effective means for improving
13	the safety of 1 or more schools;
14	"(ii) consistent with a comprehensive
15	approach to preventing school violence; and
16	"(iii) individualized to the needs of
17	each school at which those improvements
18	are to be made.".
19	SEC. 304. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
20	Section 2705 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
21	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797e) is amend-
22	ed by striking "2001 through 2009" and inserting "2014
23	through 2023".
24	SEC. 305. ACCOUNTABILITY.
25	Section 2701 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control

26 and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797a), as

1 amended by section 202 of this title, is amended by adding

- 3 "(h) ACCOUNTABILITY.—All grants awarded by the
- 4 Attorney General under this part shall be subject to the
- 5 following accountability provisions:

at the end the following:

6 "(1) Audit requirement.—

"(A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term 'unresolved audit finding' means a finding in the final audit report of the Inspector General of the Department of Justice that the audited grantee has utilized grant funds for an unauthorized expenditure or otherwise unallowable cost that is not closed or resolved within 12 months from the date when the final audit report is issued.

"(B) Audits.—Beginning in the first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this subsection, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Inspector General of the Department of Justice shall conduct audits of recipients of grants under this part to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds by grantees. The Inspector General shall determine the appropriate number of grantees to be audited each year.

1	"(C) Mandatory exclusion.—A recipi-
2	ent of grant funds under this part that is found
3	to have an unresolved audit finding shall not be
4	eligible to receive grant funds under this part
5	during the first 2 fiscal years beginning after
6	the end of the 12-month period described in
7	subparagraph (A).
8	"(D) Priority.—In awarding grants
9	under this part, the Attorney General shall give
10	priority to eligible applicants that did not have
11	an unresolved audit finding during the 3 fiscal
12	years before submitting an application for a
13	grant under this part.
14	"(E) Reimbursement.—If an entity is
15	awarded grant funds under this part during the
16	2-fiscal-year period during which the entity is
17	barred from receiving grants under subpara-
18	graph (C), the Attorney General shall—
19	"(i) deposit an amount equal to the
20	amount of the grant funds that were im-
21	properly awarded to the grantee into the
22	General Fund of the Treasury; and
23	"(ii) seek to recoup the costs of the
24	repayment to the fund from the grant re-

1	cipient that was erroneously awarded grant
2	funds.
3	"(2) Nonprofit organization require-
4	MENTS.—
5	"(A) Definition.—For purposes of this
6	paragraph and the grant programs under this
7	part, the term 'nonprofit organization' means
8	an organization that is described in section
9	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
10	and is exempt from taxation under section
11	501(a) of such Code.
12	"(B) Prohibition.—The Attorney Gen-
13	eral may not award a grant under this part to
14	a nonprofit organization that holds money in
15	offshore accounts for the purpose of avoiding
16	paying the tax described in section 511(a) of
17	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
18	"(C) DISCLOSURE.—Each nonprofit orga-
19	nization that is awarded a grant under this part
20	and uses the procedures prescribed in regula-
21	tions to create a rebuttable presumption of rea-
22	sonableness for the compensation of its officers
23	directors, trustees and key employees, shall dis-
24	close to the Attorney General, in the application
25	for the grant, the process for determining such

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compensation, including the independent persons involved in reviewing and approving such compensation, the comparability data used, and contemporaneous substantiation of the deliberation and decision. Upon request, the Attorney General shall make the information disclosed under this subparagraph available for public inspection.

## "(3) Conference expenditures.—

"(A) LIMITATION.—No amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Justice under this part may be used by the Attorney General, or by any individual or entity awarded discretionary funds through a cooperative agreement under this part, to host or support any expenditure for conferences that uses more than \$20,000 in funds made available by the Department of Justice, unless the Deputy Attorney General or such Assistant Attorney Generals, Directors, or principal deputies as the Deputy Attorney General may designate, provides prior written authorization that the funds may be expended to host the conference.

"(B) WRITTEN APPROVAL.—Written approval under subparagraph (A) shall include a

1	written estimate of all costs associated with the
2	conference, including the cost of all food, bev-
3	erages, audio-visual equipment, honoraria for
4	speakers, and entertainment.
5	"(C) Report.—The Deputy Attorney Gen-
6	eral shall submit an annual report to the Com-
7	mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
8	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of
9	Representatives on all conference expenditures
10	approved under this paragraph.
11	"(4) Annual Certification.—Beginning in
12	the first fiscal year beginning after the date of en-
13	actment of this subsection, the Attorney General
14	shall submit, to the Committee on the Judiciary and
15	the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and
16	the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee
17	on Appropriations of the House of Representatives,
18	an annual certification—
19	"(A) indicating whether—
20	"(i) all audits issued by the Office of
21	the Inspector General under paragraph (1)
22	have been completed and reviewed by the
23	appropriate Assistant Attorney General or
24	Director;

1	"(ii) all mandatory exclusions required
2	under paragraph (1)(C) have been issued;
3	and
4	"(iii) all reimbursements required
5	under paragraph (1)(E) have been made;
6	and
7	"(B) that includes a list of any grant re-
8	cipients excluded under paragraph (1) from the
9	previous year.".
10	SEC. 306. PREVENTING DUPLICATIVE GRANTS.
11	Section 1701 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
12	and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796dd) is
13	amended by adding at the end the following:
14	"(1) Preventing Duplicative Grants.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Before the Attorney Gen-
16	eral awards a grant to an applicant under this part,
17	the Attorney General shall compare potential grant
18	awards with grants awarded under parts A or T to
19	determine if duplicate grant awards are awarded for
20	the same purpose.
21	"(2) Report.—If the Attorney General awards
22	duplicate grants to the same applicant for the same
23	purpose the Attorney General shall submit to the
24	Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the

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1	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
2	resentatives a report that includes—
3	"(A) a list of all duplicate grants awarded,
4	including the total dollar amount of any dupli-
5	cate grants awarded; and
6	"(B) the reason the Attorney General
7	awarded the duplicate grants.".