117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION S.

To establish the Office of Rural Prosperity, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. KELLY (for himself, Ms. ERNST, Mr. GRASSLEY, and Mrs. GILLIBRAND) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ______

A BILL

To establish the Office of Rural Prosperity, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Rural Prosperity Act5 of 2022".

6 SEC. 2. OFFICE OF RURAL PROSPERITY.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Execu8 tive Office of the President the Office of Rural Prosperity
9 (referred to in this section as the "Office").

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Office is to ad dress the social, economic, and community well-being and
 resilience of rural areas in the United States by addressing
 unique structural challenges experienced by rural commu nities, including housing, education, healthcare, small
 business development, and job creation.

7 (c) CHIEF RURAL ADVISOR.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Office shall be headed
9 by the Chief Rural Advisor, who shall be appointed
10 by the President.

(2) COMPENSATION.—The Chief Rural Advisor
shall be compensated at the rate provided for level
II of the Executive Schedule in section 5313 of title
5, United States Code.

15 (d) DUTIES.—The Chief Rural Advisor shall—

16 (1) not later than 1 year after the date of en17 actment of this Act, develop, and not less frequently
18 than every 3 years thereafter, update, a comprehen19 sive strategy for rural development across the Exec20 utive Branch, which shall—

(A) identify the most pressing priorities of
the United States to promote rural prosperity
in the 10-year period following the date of submission of the report under subsection (f)(2);
and

(B) describe the policy actions that will be
 taken by the Federal Government, across Fed eral agencies and programs, to accelerate and
 support social and economic prosperity in rural
 areas;
 (2) using the metrics developed under sub-

6 (2) using the metrics developed under sub7 section (e), develop whole-of-government rec8 ommendations to improve the return on investment
9 of Federal resources and engagement relating to the
10 needs of rural areas in the United States;

(3) make recommendations to the President on
coordinating, streamlining, and leveraging Federal
investments in rural areas to increase the impact of
Federal dollars to improve economic opportunities
and the quality of life in rural areas in the United
States;

(4) coordinate, and improve community-level
outcomes and return on investment of, Federal engagement relating to the needs of rural areas in the
United States with stakeholders based in rural communities, including—

22 (A) agricultural organizations;

23 (B) small businesses;

24 (C) education and training institutions;

25 (D) health care providers;

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(E) telecommunications services providers;
(F) electric service providers;
(G) transportation providers;
(H) research and land-grant institutions;
(I) law enforcement agencies;
(J) State, local, and Tribal governments
(including a Native village and a Native Cor-
poration, as those terms are defined in section
3 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act
(43 U.S.C. 1602)); and
(K) nongovernmental organizations;
(5) coordinate Federal efforts directed toward
the growth and development of rural geographic re-
gions that encompass metropolitan and nonmetro-
politan areas;
(6) identify and facilitate rural economic oppor-
tunities associated with energy transitions, outdoor
recreation, and other conservation-related activities;
(7) identify common economic and social chal-
lenges faced by rural communities that could be
overcome through better coordination of existing
Federal and non-Federal resources; and
(8) convene public hearings (including with the
power to call witnesses and request documents from
Federal agencies) on the state of rural areas in the

1	United States and the comprehensive strategy for
2	rural development developed under paragraph (1).
3	(e) Metrics.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
5	the date of enactment of this Act, the Chief Rural
6	Advisor shall develop metrics to measure the effect
7	of Federal programs on rural areas in the United
8	States.
9	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In developing the metrics
10	under paragraph (1), the Chief Rural Advisor
11	shall—
12	(A) develop a comprehensive list of feder-
13	ally administered programs that are available to
14	individuals, businesses, nonprofit organizations,
15	units of local government, or other entities lo-
16	cated in rural areas in the United States; and
17	(B) develop a comprehensive set of
18	metrics, including—
19	(i) employment in a rural area;
20	(ii) inequality in a rural area;
21	(iii) economic competitiveness of a
22	rural area;
23	(iv) inflation or deflation in a rural
24	area;

1	(v) housing availability and costs in a
2	rural area;
3	(vi) access to health care or telehealth
4	in a rural area;
5	(vii) the rate of small business
6	startups in a rural area;
7	(viii) educational attainment in a
8	rural area;
9	(ix) workforce participation in a rural
10	area; and
11	(x) other metrics, as determined ap-
12	propriate by the Chief Rural Advisor.
13	(3) AVAILABILITY OF DATA OF OTHER FED-
14	ERAL AGENCIES.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of devel-
16	oping metrics under paragraph (1), the head of
17	any other Federal agency shall provide to the
18	Chief Rural Advisor, on request by the Chief
19	Rural Advisor and at no cost to the Office, any
20	data relating to the work of the Office collected
21	by the Federal agency.
22	(B) PRIVACY AND SECURITY.—The Chief
23	Rural Advisor shall take any necessary steps to
24	maintain the privacy and security of data pro-
25	vided under subparagraph (A).

(f) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—The Chief Rural Advi sor shall—

3 (1) not later than 1 year after establishing the
4 metrics under subsection (e), and not less frequently
5 than annually thereafter—

6 (A) prepare a report describing the effect 7 that the programs on the list developed under 8 subsection (e)(2)(A) have on rural areas, based 9 on the metrics developed under subsection 10 (e)(2)(B), with demographic breakdowns by 11 race, age, and geographic region; and

(B) submit to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate
and the Committee on Agriculture of the House
of Representatives, and make publicly available,
the report prepared under subparagraph (A);
and

(2) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than
every 3 years thereafter, submit to the Committee
on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House
of Representatives the comprehensive strategy for
rural development developed under subsection (d)(1).

(g) FUNDING.—This section shall be carried out
 using existing amounts otherwise available to the Execu tive Office of the President.

4 (h) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section au-5 thorizes the hiring of additional staff.

6 SEC. 3. INTERAGENCY RURAL PROSPERITY COUNCIL.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established an Inter8 agency Rural Prosperity Council (referred to in this sec9 tion as the "Council").

10 (b) CHAIR.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall serve11 as the Chair of the Council.

(c) MEMBERS.—The Council shall be composed of the
heads of the following executive branch departments,
agencies, and offices:

- 15 (1) The Office of Rural Prosperity.
- 16 (2) The Department of Agriculture.
- 17 (3) The Department of the Treasury.
- 18 (4) The Department of Defense.
- 19 (5) The Department of Justice.
- 20 (6) The Bureau of Indian Affairs.
- 21 (7) The Department of the Interior.
- 22 (8) The Department of Commerce.
- 23 (9) The Economic Development Administration.
- 24 (10) The Department of Labor.

1	(11) The Department of Health and Human
2	Services.
3	(12) The Department of Housing and Urban
4	Development.
5	(13) The Department of Transportation.
6	(14) The Department of Energy.
7	(15) The Department of Education.
8	(16) The Department of Veterans Affairs.
9	(17) The Department of Homeland Security.
10	(18) The Environmental Protection Agency.
11	(19) The Federal Communications Commission.
12	(20) The Office of Management and Budget.
13	(21) The Office of Science and Technology Pol-
14	icy.
15	(22) The Office of National Drug Control Pol-
16	icy.
17	(23) The Council of Economic Advisers.
18	(24) The Domestic Policy Council.
19	(25) The National Economic Council.
20	(26) The Small Business Administration.
21	(27) The Council on Environmental Quality.
22	(d) DESIGNEES.—A member of the Council may des-
23	ignate, to perform the Council functions of the member,
24	a senior-level official who is—

1	(1) part of the department, agency, or office of
2	the member; and
3	(2) a full-time officer or employee of the Fed-
4	eral Government.
5	(e) DUTIES.—The Council shall—
6	(1) ensure coordination among Federal agen-
7	cies, States, units of local government, nonprofit or-
8	ganizations, and other stakeholders, as appropriate,
9	in addressing the needs of rural areas in the United
10	States;
11	(2) coordinate Federal efforts directed toward
12	the growth and development of rural geographic re-
13	gions that encompass both metropolitan and non-
14	metropolitan areas;
15	(3) identify and facilitate rural economic oppor-
16	tunities associated with energy transitions, outdoor
17	recreation, and other conservation-related activities;
18	(4) make recommendations to the President,
19	acting through the Chief Rural Advisor, on stream-
20	lining and leveraging Federal investments in rural
21	areas, where appropriate, to increase the impact of
22	Federal dollars and create economic opportunities to
23	improve the quality of life in rural areas in the
24	United States;

1	(5) provide a means for discussion and resolu-
2	tion of disputes between Federal agencies with re-
3	gard to programs that address the needs of rural
4	areas in the United States; and
5	(6) develop plans and strategies to address the
6	needs of rural areas in the United States.
7	(f) PUBLIC OUTREACH.—Not less frequently than
8	twice annually, the Council shall hold public meetings in
9	a rural community for the purpose of—
10	(1) soliciting feedback from the public, units of
11	local government, Indian Tribes, and dislocated
12	workers on concerns relating to the social, economic,
13	and community well-being and resilience of rural
14	areas; and
15	(2) soliciting recommendations on actions the
16	departments, agencies, and offices represented on
17	the Council may consider to support the economic
18	development of rural communities.
19	SEC. 4. RURAL PROSPERITY ACTION PLAN.
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture (re-
21	ferred to in this section as the "Secretary"), in coordina-
22	tion with the Under Secretary for Rural Development,
23	shall develop a rural prosperity action plan (referred to
24	in this section as the "action plan"), which shall describe
25	the actions to be carried out by the Secretary for the pur-

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poses of addressing the social, economic, and community
 well-being and resilience of rural areas in the United
 States by addressing unique structural challenges experi enced by rural communities.

5 (b) COORDINATION.—Each activity carried out under
6 this section shall be carried out in coordination with the
7 Office of Rural Prosperity.

8 (c) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT AND FUNDING.—The 9 Secretary shall provide administrative support and fund-10 ing in the development of the action plan, to the extent 11 permitted by law and using appropriations available to the 12 Secretary as of the date of enactment of this Act.

13 (d) ACTIVITIES.—In developing the action plan, the14 Secretary shall—

(1) examine each rural development activity
carried out by the Secretary as of the date of enactment of this Act; and

(2) identify regulatory and policy changes that
(2) identify regulatory and policy changes that
(2) could be made by the Secretary that would accomplish the goals described in subsection (a), including
(2) changes that would—

22 (A) remove barriers to economic prosperity
23 and quality of life in rural areas of the United
24 States;

1	(B) strengthen and expand educational op-
2	portunities for students in rural communities,
3	particularly in agricultural education, science,
4	technology, engineering, and mathematics;
5	(C) empower the State, local, and Tribal
6	agencies that implement rural economic devel-
7	opment, agricultural, and environmental pro-
8	grams to tailor those programs to relevant re-
9	gional circumstances;
10	(D) respect the unique circumstances of
11	small businesses that serve rural communities
12	and the unique business structures and regional
13	diversity of farms and ranches;
14	(E) ensure access to a reliable workforce
15	and increase employment opportunities in rural-
16	focused businesses, including agriculture;
17	(F) promote the preservation of family
18	farms as they are passed from generation to
19	generation;
20	(G) ensure that private property rights of
21	water users are not encumbered when the water
22	users attempt to secure permits to operate on
23	Federal land;
24	(H) improve food safety and ensure that
25	regulations and policies implementing Federal

1	food safety laws are based on science and ac-
2	count for the unique circumstances of farms
3	and ranches;
4	(I) encourage the production, export, and
5	use of domestically produced agricultural prod-
6	ucts;
7	(J) further the energy security of the
8	United States in the rural landscape;
9	(K) address hurdles associated with access
10	to resources on Federal land for rural commu-
11	nities that rely on cattle grazing, timber har-
12	vests, mining, recreation, and other multiple
13	uses;
14	(L) identify and facilitate rural economic
15	opportunities associated with energy develop-
16	ment, outdoor recreation, and other conserva-
17	tion-related activities; and
18	(M) coordinate and improve the effective-
19	ness of Federal engagement with rural stake-
20	holders, including agricultural organizations,
21	small businesses, education and training institu-
22	tions, health care providers, telecommunications
23	services providers, research and land-grant in-
24	stitutions, law enforcement, State, local, and
25	Tribal governments, and nongovernmental orga-

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1	nizations, regarding the needs of rural areas of
2	the United States.
3	(e) SUBMISSION OF ACTION PLAN.—Not later than
4	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
5	retary shall submit the action plan, including rec-
6	ommendations for regulatory and policy changes identified
7	under subsection $(d)(2)$ that the Secretary considers ap-
8	propriate, to—
9	(1) the Chief Rural Advisor;
10	(2) the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition,
11	and Forestry of the Senate; and
12	(3) the Committee on Agriculture of the House
13	of Representatives.
14	(f) PROGRESS REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after
15	the action plan is submitted in accordance with subsection
16	(e), the Secretary shall submit a report describing the
17	progress of the Secretary in meeting benchmarks de-
18	scribed in the action plan to—
19	(1) the Chief Rural Advisor;
20	(2) the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition,
21	and Forestry of the Senate; and
22	(3) the Committee on Agriculture of the House
23	of Representatives.